新北市立新店高中 111 學年度第二學期第一次期中考一年級英文科
(共六頁)

Exam Coverage: Lung Teng Book 2 (L1/L2/L3 單字片語句型), All+ Mar.,核心字彙(Advanced U1-U4)

**Part A 選擇題 (佔 62 分) (請畫卡於答案卡上)**

**I. Listening Test (11%, 1% for each)**
**Part 1: Picture Questions**
*Look at each picture and answer the question.*

| 1. (　) | 2. (　) |
|---|---|
|  |  |

**Part 2: Best Response Questions**
*Listen to the question or statement and choose the best response.*

(　)3. (A) He called me his hero.
(B) He said I'm a hard worker.
(C) He said I'm a terrible cook.
(D) He told everyone that I'm pretty.

(　)4. (A) Yeah. You won't be able to see it at all.
(B) OK. Let me put on my glasses.
(C) That's right. It'll be pretty hard to miss.
(D) I know. It will never go away.

(　)5. (A) I wish I could afford business class.
(B) Do you have to wake up early?
(C) I hope you sleep well on the plane.
(D) You're lucky to go in spring.

**Part 3: Conversation Questions**
*Listen to each conversation and answer the question.*

(　)6. (A) She is going to get married soon.
(B) She won a lot of money last night.
(C) She broke up with Ted recently.
(D) She ran into an old friend last night.

(　)7. (A) Jenny will drive her home tonight.
(B) She will do something at a later time.
(C) Jenny will help clean up her room.
(D) She already cleaned up her room.

(　)8. (A) A sad movie.
(B) A funny movie.
(C) An action film.
(D) A serious film.

**Part 4: Short Talk Questions**
*Listen to the following paragraph and answer the questions.*

(　)9. (A) That large animals tend to experience more emotions.
(B) That animals can be trained to show emotions.
(C) That animals have difficulty showing emotions.
(D) That animals feel emotions just like humans.

(　)10. (A) The illness of an elephant.
(B) The death of an elephant.
(C) The state of being alone.
(D) A fight between two elephants.

(　)11. (A) Some animals prefer to live in groups.
(B) Some animals can live in harmony with others.
(C) Some animals try to help friends feel better.
(D) Some animals will do anything to win a fight.

**II. Vocabulary (10%, 1% for each)**

12. The car's ability to drive itself is a display of how _____ technology has become.
(A) remote　(B) fashionable　(C) dependent　(D) advanced

13. The scientist that _____ the telephone changed the course of history forever.
(A) assisted (B) educated (C) invented (D) researched

14. The magician at Brad's birthday party put on a fantastic performance and _____ everyone with his tricks.
(A) entertained (B) advertised (C) combined (D) promoted

15. In spite of getting their fingers _____, the children were having a great time in the painting class.
(A) graphic (B) practical (C) brilliant (D) sticky

16. Speaking fluent English and Japanese, Jim is a(n) _____ candidate for a job which requires language abilities.
(A) delighted (B) ideal (C) commercial (D) intense

17. Most employees _____ to the new rule that they have to arrive earlier on Fridays.
(A) suffer (B) distribute (C) assign (D) object

18. Teachers like to use the _____ known fable *The Tortoise and the Hare* to encourage students not to give up easily.
(A) universally (B) professionally (C) accidentally (D) technically

19. Although the director has made great achievements, he is never proud and behaves _____.
(A) continuously (B) modestly (C) typically (D) apparently

20. The students were efficient enough to _____ the challenging task before the deadline.
(A) strike (B) prosper (C) complete (D) burst

21. _____ writing novels, the author also writes for a local newspaper.
(A) In addition to (B) In memory of
(C) In terms of (D) In favor of

**III. Cloze (17%, 1% for each)**

Passage A

Derek Redmond hears the starting gun go off and takes off with a sprint. He can feel 65,000 pairs of eyes __(22)__ him from the crowd. It certainly looks like he has a good chance of finishing among the top three. __(23)__, a pain unlike any other he has experienced takes over his body, and he collapses onto the ground. His left hamstring is torn, and he is obviously __(24)__. Doctors rush to help, but he knows he must finish the race __(25)__ the pain and the lost dream. As he struggles toward the finish line, a familiar arm takes hold of him. When he turns around, he finds it is his father __(26)__ comes to support him. With his father's support, they manage to finish the race together. He feels a sense of victory as they cross the finish line, __(27)__ that people around the world will remember him as a champion.

22. (A) to watch (B) watched (C) watches (D) watching
23. (A) Fortunately (B) Suddenly (C) Hardly (D) Finally
24. (A) in vain (B) in pain (C) in short (D) in fact
25. (A) because (B) owing to (C) despite (D) although
26. (A) whose (B) what (C) which (D) that
27. (A) knowing (B) to know (C) knows (D) and know

Passage B

Have you ever wondered why airplane food tastes so bad? Studies have shown that it is not entirely the airlines' fault. No matter how well it's cooked, food on a plane just doesn't taste __(28)__ good __(28)__ it does on the ground. It is because your tongue and nose don't function the same way in the air as they do on the ground. __(29)__ the lower humidity and air pressure in the airplane cabin, your tongue is less sensitive to different flavors. Similarly, your nose is often blocked, which affects your ability to distinguish between tastes accurately.

Airlines have taken notice of these issues and have come up with different ways to make in-flight food more enjoyable. __(30)__, they usually add more flavoring to the dishes in order to enhance their flavor. They have also __(31)__ more savory ingredients __(31)__ their in-flight recipes, such as tomatoes, mushrooms, and

spinach. __(32)__, some airlines like British Airways have even provided nasal sprays for passengers to clear their stuffy and dry noses.

While airlines are doing their best to make in-flight food tasty, passengers should also understand the limitations of high-altitude dining. Our sense of taste and smell are not as sharp in the airplane cabin, so the food may not taste exactly as we __(33)__.

28. (A) such; that (B) rather; than (C) so; that (D) as; as
29. (A) In contrast to (B) Due to
    (C) Instead of (D) Despite
30. (A) Bit by bit (B) On the contrary (C) After all (D) For a start
31. (A) informed; to (B) informed; of
    (C) introduced; to (D) introduced; with
32. (A) In addition (B) In other words (C) In the beginning (D) In this case
33. (A) are covered with (B) are likely to
    (C) are known for (D) are used to

Passage C

The Goldilocks principle comes from the fairy tale *The Story of Goldilocks and the Three Bears*. In the story, the girl Goldilocks finds three bowls of porridge. The first one is too hot, and the second one is too cold. She finally chooses the third one with the perfect __(34)__ and eats it all up. Therefore, the principle of "just right" __(35)__ finding a balance between extremes. You can take advantage of the idea __(36)__ you are trying to master a skill. The hardest part of learning a new skill is staying on track without getting bored or __(37)__ and this is where Goldilocks's lesson comes in. To help yourself stay motivated, practice at a level that's only a bit __(38)__ your current ability. Then, progress will feel within your grasp.

34. (A) percentage (B) formation (C) temperature (D) ingredient
35. (A) refers to (B) makes up (C) kicks off (D) falls for
36. (A) whenever (B) whatever (C) whichever (D) whoever
37. (A) profitable (B) delighted (C) invisible (D) discouraged
38. (A) behind (B) among (C) beyond (D) against

## IV. Passage Completion (10%, 1% for each) 請忽略大小寫

Left-handed people have had a mix of positive and negative experiences, and still encounter difficulties in a world that is mostly designed for right-handed people. While being left-handed has been associated with some great historical __(39)__ like da Vinci and Darwin, left-handers have also faced discrimination and misunderstanding throughout history. In the past, being left-handed was often seen as something that needed to be __(40)__, and left-handed people were even believed to be cursed by the Devil. Today, left-handers may be perceived as more creative or smarter, and may even have a(n) __(41)__ in certain sports because more players are trained to play against right-handers.

However, left-handers often face difficulties in a society designed for right-handers. From an early age, left-handed children may __(42)__ with tasks such as writing, cutting, and playing sports. For example, in __(43)__ education class, there may not be any left-handed baseball gloves. This can lead to low confidence and learning difficulties if teachers and others are not __(44)__ of their unique needs.

These days, there is now greater awareness of the challenges left-handed people face, and there's a(n) __(45)__ toward creating sympathetic environments for them. For instance, important items like left-handed tools and sports __(46)__ have made their way into schools. In some countries, there is even a push for special training that shows teachers how these left-handed students should be __(47)__. As left-handers such as Barack Obama and Lady Gaga have proven, left-handed people can make great __(48)__ as right-handers. In conclusion, left-handers face challenges in a right-handed society, but now there are awareness and support.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| A. struggle | B. physical | C. accomplishments | D. gear | E. trend |
| AB. figures | AC. supported | AD. advantage | AE. aware | BC. remedied |

(還有試題)

**V.Discourse Structure (8%, 2% for each)**

第 49 題至第 52 題，每題請分別根據文章之文意選出最適當的一個選項，請畫記在答案卡。各題答對者，得 2 分；答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者，該題以零分計算。

Fireworks light up the sky, and firecrackers hop and pop during Las Fallas, a popular festival in Spain. __(49)__ From the sounds of marching bands playing music and throwing large firecrackers to the delicious aromas of paella* and churros being cooked on the streets, this festival has a lot to offer.

On each morning of the festival, marching bands move through the streets playing music and throwing large firecrackers. __(50)__ At night, festival days are capped off with fireworks displays exploding above. The fireworks are the highlight of the festival and create an unforgettable experience for visitors.

__(51)__ A *falla** is a monument made up of *ninots*, or colorful papier-mache* statues representing famous figures. A contest determines the best falla, which is kept in a museum. The rest fallas are set on fire on the festival's final day to welcome the arrival of spring.

There really is no other event like Las Fallas. __(52)__ The festival is a true celebration of art, culture, and tradition, and you will definitely feel the excitement and enthusiasm of the festival.

* paella 西班牙海鮮飯 * *falla* 法雅人偶 * papier-mache 用混凝紙漿做的

(A) If you think the statement is a bit exaggerated, why not go check Las Fallas out for yourself?
(B) In the afternoon, delicious smells fill the air, as people cook huge pans of paella and fry sweet, crispy churros in the streets.
(C) During the festival, giant *fallas* displayed across the city turn Valencia into an outdoor art gallery.
(D) This five-day event, held in the city of Valencia, is a feast for all five senses.

**VI. Reading Comprehension (6%, 2% for each)**

The space age refers to a period in history where humans began exploring space and sending objects beyond the Earth's atmosphere. This period of time has seen many milestones, including the launch of *Sputnik 1* on October 4, 1957. This was an important event because it was the first time that humans had sent a man-made object into space.

*Sputnik 1* was a small satellite that orbited the Earth for three months before burning up upon reentry into the atmosphere. While it was in orbit, it sent valuable information back to Earth, which helped scientists better understand the mysteries of space. This event was a huge achievement for humans, and it marked the beginning of the space age.

Another important event was the 1969 Apollo 11 mission, which sent three American astronauts to the moon. People **held their breath** as they watched the historic event on TV. This was a monumental achievement, and people all around the world watched in awe as the astronauts walked on the moon's surface.

As we continued to explore space, we began building telescopes that could be placed in Earth's orbit to better understand distant star systems. The Hubble Space Telescope, launched in 1990, is one of the most adaptable telescopes ever made and has been in operation since then. It has helped us discover new galaxies, stars, and planets, and has provided valuable insight into the origins of the universe. What advancements could the next century bring?

53. What did *Sputnik 1* **NOT** do before it returned to Earth?
(A) Go around Earth.
(B) Send information back to Earth.
(C) Hit another object in space.
(D) Pass through Earth's atmosphere.

54. Which of the following best describes the underlined phrase, "**held their breath**" in the passage?
(A) Acted carefully in order not to ruin something.
(B) Waited excitedly for something to happen.
(C) Moved slowly so as not to disturb other people.
(D) Pretended not to care about something.

55. Which of the following is **TRUE** about the Hubble Space Telescope?

(A) It was built to make Apollo 11 mission possible.

(B) It has been in operation for more than 30 years.

(C) It has been replaced by a more advanced telescope.

(D) It was the first telescope to be placed in Earth's orbit.

**Part B 混合題 (佔 8 分) (58 和 59 題請在答案卷上作答。) (8%, 2% for each)**

Webpage

Event Name: International Sand Sculpture Festival
Location: Haulover Beach, Miami
Date: 28-29 July
Contact: Denzel Freeman: dfreeman@hauloverbeach.com
About: The oldest and largest sand sculpture contest in Miami, which brings in over 50 master contestants from all over the world creating sculptures from 10,000 tons of sand. The festival marks the 7th anniversary this year. Last year alone, more than 20,000 visitors went to the Haulover Beach International Sand Sculpture Festival, which has become one of the largest beach events in Miami. In addition to the contest, the two-day festival features live music and sand workshops for children. When darkness falls, the sculptures will appear in a different light. Even though the event is free for all, $5 for parking will be charged.

List

***Winners of the 7th International Sand Sculpture Festival***

| **Placement** | **Name** | **Title of Piece** |
|---|---|---|
| First Place | Humphrey Washington, England | Pirates and Princesses |
| Second Place | Jack Nicholson, Canada | Spaceships |
| Third Place | Russel Pitt, Denmark | Castle |
| Fourth Place | Lonardo Travolta, Argentina | Sea Creatures |
| Fifth Place | Johnny Spacey, U.S. | Dinosaur |

Article

***WHAT'S NEW IN MIAMI***

By *Christian Winslet*

(1 August) — Last weekend, the 7th International Sand Sculpture Festival took place and it was an excellent way to enjoy the summer. The festival attracted more visitors than the previous year because of the fantastic weather. The event featured a competition for solo masters who created amazing sand creatures, turning sand and water into genuine art.

Humphrey Washington from England won the competition by beating three-time champion Jack Nicholson from Canada with his sculpture called "Pirates and Princesses". The sculpture used comic gestures through the characters' arms and faces. All the sculptures were attractive, but my personal favorite was the "Dinosaur" sculpture. It took my breath away with its artistic realism.

The festival also offered sand classes for children led by sand sculpting experts who were not participating in the competition. Live music provided a pleasing background for visitors. Overall, the festival was the perfect way to enjoy the summer season.

56. What is the purpose of the webpage?

(A) To entertain readers by telling a story taking place in Miami.

(B) To convince readers to participate in a sand sculpture contest.

(C) To provide readers with information about an upcoming event.

(D) To inform readers about the entry fee for a competition.

(背面還有試題)

57. Which of the following statements is **TRUE** about this year's event?
(A) It cost 5 dollars to attend.
(B) It was open to visitors until noon.
(C) It took place at Haulover Beach for the first time.
(D) It had a program that was specifically designed for kids.

58. **Whose** sculpture did Ms. Winslet like the most? 請填答於答案卷上

59. According to the article, why were there more people attending the festival than last year? Copy **one sentence** from the article to answer the question.
請填答於答案卷上

**Part C 非選擇題 (佔 30 分) (請依題號在手寫答案卷作答，請寫完整單字。)**

**I. Vocabulary (12%, 1% for each)**

60. After the police received the phone call about the robbery, they rushed to the bank im_____ly.
61. The young man earned everyone's r_____t for his brave and selfless behavior.
62. After practicing day and night for a month, Lucy finally s_____ded in winning the English speech contest.
63. When we heard the a_____ment that our team won the championship, we all jumped for joy.
64. Many m_____l studies have pointed out that smoking is one of the leading causes of lung cancer.
65. Even though we asked Jenny about the truth, she r_____ned silent and refused to tell us what happened.
66. To find a good s_____n to the problem, the team members have been working very hard.
67. Many people prefer to work from home because there are often just too many d_____tions in the office.
68. Jack's teacher asked him to ex_____n why he was late again.
69. Wayne des_____ely wanted to beat his sister at chess, so he read several books to help him become a better player.
70. Children are naturally c_____s about the world around them, so don't keep them from asking questions.
71. While having dinner in a romantic restaurant, Victor suddenly took out a ring and p_____ed to his girlfriend.

**II. Guided Translation (One word for each blank.) (10%, 1% for each)**

A. 新政府最大的挑戰就是要加速經濟並幫助年輕人在面對困難時度過難關。
The biggest challenge for the new government is to ___(72)___ ___(73)___ economic growth and ___(74)___ young people ___(75)___ when they face difficulties.

B. 和他的雙胞胎姊姊比起來，Lily 比較外向且擅長運動。
___(76)___ ___(77)___ with her twin sister, Lily is more outgoing and better at sports.

C. 所有人都應該被平等對待，不管他們的種族或性別為何。
All people should be treated equally, r__(78)___ ___(79)___ their race or gender.

D. 當 Cindy 提到她高中老師時，她充滿了感謝。
When Cindy talked about her high school teachers, she was ___(80)___ ___(81)___ gratitude.

**III. Translation(8%, 4% for each sentence) 分段給分，每段錯一字扣 0.5 分。**

請翻譯段落中畫底線的兩句：

我還記得我和朋友去日本旅行的那個夏天。與他們一起探索美麗的國家是一次難忘的經歷。但是，我不確定我是否有機會再次與他們一起旅行。不過，我仍然珍惜我們旅行的回憶和我們共同分享的經歷。

_____(82) _____ It was an unforgettable experience exploring the beautiful country with them. However, _____(83) _____ I still cherish the memories of our trip and the experiences we shared together, though.

✡ 提示：第一句請使用**關係副詞 (…N(,) when/where + S + V)**，並注意子句中的時態。

選擇題答案

01-05 AACAC

06-10 ABBDB

11-15 CDCAD

16-20 BDABC

21-25 ADBBC

26-30 DADBD

31-35 CADCA

36-38 ADC

39 AB

40 BC

41 AD

42 A

43 B

44 AE

45 E

46 D

47 AC

48 C

49 D

50 B

51-55 CACBB

56-57 CD