新北市立新店高中 109 學年度第一學期期末考三年級英文科試題(共 7 頁)

範圍: 1. Sanmin Book 5: Unit 9(全)&Unit 8+Unit 10 Vocabulary, Phrases & Sentence Patterns
2. English Digest Dec. 2020
3. Translation by Topics: Unit 25~28

說明: 選 擇 題: 1~64 題 (請依題號在**答案卡**上作答)(共 72 分)
非選擇題: 65~75 題(請依題號在**答案卷**上作答)(共 28 分)

第壹部分:選擇題 (72%)

I. Vocabulary in Context (1%x18=18%)

1. Many people had _____ George would be one of the fastest runners in the country before he actually became one.
(A) presumed (B) distressed (C) retrieved (D) irritated
2. Henry decided to make a(n) _____ of his long-term drug abuse to his friends and seek their help.
(A) possession (B) obligation (C) confession (D) reputation
3. Serena was reading the baby to sleep, with one hand holding a book and the other rocking the _____.
(A) ward (B) vessel (C) route (D) cradle
4. Space travel isn't _____ to us because many space movies have helped us imagine what a space journey is like.
(A) portable (B) flammable (C) inconceivable (D) formidable
5. The nurse stood by the patient's bed, dropping the pill into a glass of water and waiting for it to ___.
(A) perceive (B) dissolve (C) depict (D) narrate
6. The employees _____ to find a solution to the problem after the company went bankrupt.
(A) disguised (B) twisted (C) descended (D) scrambled
7. The Internet gives access to committing violence, and cyberbullying is a(n) _____ example.
(A) prime (B) ornamental (C) scenic (D) populous
8. "None of your business," Pam _____ when her brother asked her what she had been writing secretly.
(A) typified (B) retorted (C) strolled (D) scattered
9. Some criminals are _____ courteous and even charming, but they should never be trusted.
(A) ultimately (B) swiftly (C) inherently (D) superficially
10. The director held several meetings in an effort to reach a(n) _____ on the issue.
(A) oppression (B) assortment (C) consensus (D) territory
11. Our boss makes being _____ a rule and would severely scold anyone who is late for a meeting.
(A) punctual (B) splendid (C) optional (D) terminal
12. The public ____ their dissatisfaction with the new traffic rule by staging a demonstration against it.
(A) manifested (B) transported (C) reckoned (D) strained
13. Having been admitted to several good universities, Jake is in a(n) _____ about which one he should attend.
(A) discipline (B) companion (C) dilemma (D) originality

14. The brutal murderer only got a light sentence, which provoked public _____.
(A) heritage (B) outrage (C) accessory (D) pastry
15. The drunk man spoke in a low voice as if _____ abuse at the police officer who put handcuffs on him.
(A) grinning (B) muttering (C) affirming (D) anticipating
16. The sudden death of the patient who was on his way to recovery _____ suspicions among the medical staff.
(A) amended (B) astounded (C) altered (D) aroused
17. The experience of going on a working holiday together _____ their friendship.
(A) commented (B) cemented (C) complimented (D) lamented
18. Russel began to talk earlier than other kids at his age, so his parents believe that he must have a(n) _____ for learning languages.
(A) aptitude (B) latitude (C) altitude (D) attitude

II. Cloze (1%x18=18%)

(A) An infant __19__ a respirator lies in the ICU. He choked on a balloon, his airways __20__. He exists in a "persistent vegetative state," which is an inaccurate metaphor __21__ such patients as him are unlikely to regain consciousness. His father is __22__ murder after disconnecting his son's respirator.

In Bed No.2, a woman had a sudden seizure, and for two months she has been on a respirator. To prolong her life, she cannot__23__ the respirator. For her family, each visit is __24__ much for them to bear.

No action in the ICU is neural. However, many of these decisions are made __25__ legal neutrality—and this has little to do with medical truth. The medical truth is that this patient exists without being alive. The legal neutrality is that existence is all __26__ is required.

19. (A) hooking up to (B) bound to (C) is connecting to (D) is glued to
20. (A) were blocked (B) been blocked (C) being blocked (D) having blocked
21. (A) despite (B) unless (C) until (D) since
22. (A) accused of (B) diagnosed with (C) clipped to (D) stuck to
23. (A) pay off (B) set off (C) fight off (D) come off
24. (A) too (B) very (C) so (D) not
25. (A) in return for (B) in preference to (C) with an eye to (D) in opposition to
26. (A) x (B) that (C) what (D) which

(B) It's important to manage your money well. In order to do so, many people __27__ budgeting apps. These can be installed on your cellphone and record your spending __28__ as possible. But how safe are these apps?

The good news is that __29__ you're using a reliable app, your personal data is pretty safe. For one thing, most apps only have read-only access. They can be used to view financial activity, but not make transfers. For another, they don't contain login information for your bank accounts. So, if someone steals your phone, they might be able to see how much money is in your account, but they can't make use of any of it. Even so, you should still take some steps to protect yourself and avoid using budgeting apps on public Wi-Fi networks. With these tips in mind, you can find the perfect app that allows you to __30__ your spending easily and safely.

27. (A) turn to (B) turn out (C) turn down (D) turn over
28. (A) as more effectively (B) as effectively (C) as more effective (D) as effective
29. (A) as long as (B) for instance (C) no matter what (D) as a result
30. (A) deserve (B) tolerate (C) monitor (D) covet

(C) There are some interesting Christmas idioms. One is "Christmas comes but once a year." This proverb used to encourage people to have __31__ for those who need help. It comes from a 1936 movie of the same name. In it, an old man saves Christmas for orphaned children. However, now we often use the idiom to mean it's fine to __32__ delicious Christmas treats because it only happens once a year!

A second idiom is "like turkeys voting for (an early) Christmas." It describes a(n) __33__ in which someone makes a foolish decision that will hurt them. Many people serve turkey at Christmas. Therefore, turkeys voting for an early Christmas would mean they would get killed sooner.

31. (A) compassion (B) persecution (C) privilege (D) luxury
32. (A) wipe out (B) cancel out (C) run over (D) indulge in
33. (A) circumstance (B) appreciation (C) exploration (D) inhabitant

(D) Waffles have a long history and can be __34__ the ancient Greeks, who made flat cakes called obelios, __35__ flour, milk or water, and sometimes eggs. However, they had no pockets that could easily be filled with all kinds of toppings. The first waffle iron with a grid pattern appeared in the Netherlands in the 15th century. Waffles soon spread throughout Europe and beyond.

Belgium is next door to the Netherlands. Two popular styles of waffles are __36__ Belgian cities. One is the Brussels waffle and the other is the Liege waffle.

34. (A) known for (B) fed up with (C) served as (D) traced back to
35. (A) made up (B) composing of (C) consisting of (D) whipped up
36. (A) mistaken for (B) named after (C) disposing of (D) teeming with

III. Passage Completion: (1%x20=20%)

(A) desperate	(B) explosives	(C) break	(D) deteriorated	(E) resented
(AB) literally	(AC) obscurity	(AD) thrive	(AE) prohibited	(BC) formula

(A) In the early 1970s, a new musical genre, disco, took New York City by storm. Disco went from __37__ to the top of the US charts. Yet by the end of the decade, disco had become despised by some, and records were __38__ being blown up with dynamite.

Musically speaking, disco's origins are diverse. In the 1960, a piece of legislation __39__ dancing in most bars. Where dancing was allowed, it was only permitted in heterosexual couples. This changed in 1971, however, and meant people started dancing in crowds.

Musicians started to create longer and more elaborate songs. Each song with powerful vocals flowed perfectly into the next, and the entire record could be played in one go without any __40__ in the music. It was through this magic __41__ that disco's popularity exploded. By the mid-1970s, New York City was home to a number of nightclubs where wild parties took place. Everyone was __42__ to get inside, especially the police, who wanted to prevent things from getting too crazy. There were clashes, but disco continued to __43__.

Nonetheless, as disco achieved mainstream popularity in the late 1970s, its quality __44__. The racial and sexual diversity present in the genre was __45__ by more conservative people in the US. This resulted in Disco Demolition Night, an event at which rock fans used __46__ to destroy thousands of disco records.

(A) biases	(B) appoints	(C) guilty	(D) compromise	(E) objective
(AB) evidence	(AC) virtue	(AD) hardship	(AE) perform	(BC) dismiss

(B) Jury trial systems give citizens the power to decide the outcome of court cases based upon __47__ provided by the prosecution and defense. They are given the important responsibility of determining if a defendant is __48__ or innocent of the crime they have been charged with. Because jurors play such an important role, the process of selecting them must be fair. During this process, lawyers from either side can__49__ jurors who they feel show prejudice in one way or another. People who support jury trials believe that having 12 jurors provides a more diverse perspective on the case, thus ensuring a more __50__ ruling.

Not everyone agrees with this idea or the __51__ of the jury system. Critics believe that the personal __52__ of jurors may lead to wrong decisions. Plus, jury trials often create financial __53__ on jurors. They must legally __54__ their duty without adequate financial compensation for the time they miss at work.

Recently, President Tsai has suggested a "lay judge" system that__55__ six citizens to help three professional judges decide cases. This unprecedented move appears to be a(n) __56__ between Taiwan's current system and the type of jury trials that many people are calling for.

IV. Reading Comprehension (2%x8=16%)

(A) For accident victims left with terrible facial scarring and **disfigurement**, a face transplant is a ray of hope for being able to lead a normal life.

In normal facial surgery, tissue is taken from the patient's own body, and then joined onto his or her face. A face transplant, however, involves taking the face of another person and then attaching it directly onto the patient.

A common misunderstanding is that the recipient will then look exactly like the donor. Instead, because the patient and the donor have a different bone structure, a third hybrid face is created.
The first successful face transplant was done in 2005 by French doctors. They transplanted the nose, lips and chin of a brain-dead donor onto the face of a 38-year-old woman who had been viciously attacked by a dog.

This type of operation is especially complex and must be done so skillfully that the patient will later be able to move the new face in a way that looks natural.

One of the main dangers for patients is that their body tends to reject the new face. Therefore, recipients of new faces must take special drugs to suppress their immune system. In 2008, a Chinese bear-attack victim who received a new cheek, upper lip, and nose, died because he took herbal medicine rather than the prescribed drugs.

Even with these dangers, recipients of face transplants have expressed joy at being able once again to do the things that most people take for granted, like speaking, eating, and smiling.

57. What of the following is the main topic of this article?
    (A) The popularity of face transplants. (B) Face transplants through the ages.
    (C) Face transplants and modern ethics. (D) The pros and cons of face transplants.
58. According to the passage, which of the following statements is **NOT** true?
    (A) Patients take special drugs to keep their body from rejecting the new face.
    (B) The prescribed drugs and herbal medicine are beneficial for the immune system.
    (C) Face transplants allow patients to regain movement in the face.
    (D) French doctors performed the world's first successful face transplant 15 years ago.
59. From the final paragraph, we can conclude that _____.
    (A) many people refuse to undergo the operation out of fear
    (B) patients receiving a new face often become addicted to painkillers
    (C) patients believe that the benefits of a face transplant often outweigh the dangers
    (D) receiving a new face will have an impact on the patient's personality
60. The word **"disfigurement"** in paragraph one means _____.
    (A) a badly damaged appearance (B) a skin disease like tumors
    (C) an injury affecting the brain (D) a strong and healthy body

(B) A United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) report released in October 2019 shows that stunting, or the lack of average growth due to malnutrition, has been on the rise in Africa for around 20 years. **This is in contrast to the rest of the world**. Malnutrition at a young age leads to poor physical and mental development. Each year, malnutrition is a frequent cause of the deaths of all children under five.

Brian Keeley, the editor-in-chief of the UNICEF report, says that malnutrition in children contributes to lowered economic prospects and increased healthcare costs. He also says that better child nutrition would improve the region's socio-economic development, for every US$1 spent on nutrition in the first three years of a child's life results in an average future gain of US$45.

The report states that the major causes of malnutrition in Sub-Saharan Africa are poverty, an increasing cost of living, and businesses operating on an international scale. These all lead people in this area to depend on grains instead of nutritious foods like fruits, vegetables, meat, eggs, and dairy products. Disease and poor diet contribute significantly to the increase of malnutrition in African children. It's difficult for doctors to manage children's health because parents often stop bringing babies in for wellness checks when they turn nine months old. These should continue until the children are five years old.

A team of international experts used data from 18 countries, including Ethiopia, Ghana, and Nigeria. They held workshops with mothers and analyzed health surveys. Upon collecting the data, the experts demonstrated that from 2000 to 2018, the number of children under five with stunting increased in eastern and southern Africa by 1.4 million and in western and central Africa by 6.5 million. Investing in proper nutrition for children is essential if the world intends to achieve the goal of perfect development in ten years.

61. What would be a good title for this passage?
    (A) The Number of Children Starving in Africa Is Increasing
    (B) Feeding Babies and Children Properly Leads to Economic Benefit
    (C) A Creative Approach That Addresses Nutritional Problems in African Children
    (D) Millions of African Children Lack Access to Adequate Healthcare
62. What does the underlined sentence "**This is in contrast to the rest of the world**" refer to?
    (A) Malnutrition is about equal among children in Africa and certain parts of Asia.
    (B) Malnutrition among African children is mainly due to crop failures in other countries.
    (C) Malnutrition among children outside Africa has risen since 2000.
    (D) Malnutrition is rising in Africa, but it is falling elsewhere.
63. What is **NOT** mentioned as a contributing factor toward malnutrition in Sub-Saharan Africa?
    (A) Lack of a range of nutritious food to eat. (B) Countries' unstable status due to war.
    (C) Illnesses that go untreated by doctors. (D) A shortage of money to buy healthy food.
64. What is implied by the last sentence of the passage?
    (A) Many babies in certain regions don't see doctors for wellness checks after they're one year old.
    (B) At least 6.5 million children under five in western and central Africa will starve in ten years.
    (C) According to experts, chances are that the world will be more promising by 2030.
    (D) The countries where data was taken were in eastern, western, central, and southern Africa.

第貳部分:非選擇題 (28%)

V. Guided Translation (1%x20=20%) (**除 73 題不限一字，其餘每格皆一字**)

65. Joseph 等了他的餐點一小時後，把服務生痛斥一頓。
Joseph __(a)__ __(b)__at the waitress after he had waited for his order for one hour.

66. Elsa 花了許多時間準備即將到來的考試。她如此的用功讓班上懶散的同學相形見絀。
Elsa spent a lot of time preparing for her upcoming exams. She studied so hard that she __(a)__ the lazy students in her class to __(b)__.

67.沒有人能預測誰會贏得最大獎。中獎者的姓名將會隨機抽出。
No one can predict who will win the big prize. The winner's name will be drawn __(a)__ __(b)__.

68.他贏得權力與財富卻失去家人與朋友。
He attained power and wealth, __(a)__ __(b)__ lose his family and friends.

69.為了解開這迷團，科學家首先要想出有機體是如何產生的。
To clear up the mystery, scientists first have to figure __(a)__ how organisms came __(b)__ existence.

70.唯有當局確定情況後才能夠採取適當行動。
Only when the authorities were sure of the situation __(a)__ __(b)__ take proper action.

71.她知道抱怨是沒有用的，所以她會先讓自己獨處找解決方法。
She knows that it is __(a)__ use __(b)__, so she always __(c)__ herself alone first to find a solution.

72.我認為救贖的關鍵不在於背誦宗教文本，而是在於實踐。
I think the key to salvation lies __(a)__ in memorizing religious texts, __(b)__ in __(c)__ them out.

73.練習游泳一段時間之後，你就會明白越放鬆，就可以游得越好。
After practicing swimming for some time, you will realize that __(a)__ relaxed you are, __(b)__ you can swim.

VI. Whole-Sentence Translation (4%x2=8%)

74. 健康和永續的生活方式為許多人所接受。

75. 當我遭遇困難或感到沮喪時，我藉由諮詢醫生來處理負面情緒。

答　　案

選擇題 (72%)

I. Vocabulary in Context (1%x18=18%)

1. A	2. C	3. D	4. C	5. B	6. D
7. A	8. B	9. D	10. C	11. A	12. A
13. C	14. B	15. B	16. D	17. B	18. A

II. Cloze (1%x18=18%)

19. B	20. C	21. D	22. A	23. D	24. A
25. C	26. B	27. A	28. B	29. A	30. C
31. A	32. D	33. A	34. D	35. C	36. B

III. Passage Completion (1%x20=20%)

37. AC	38. AB	39. AE	40. C	41. BC
42. A	43. AD	44. D	45. E	46. B
47. AB	48. C	49. BC	50. E	51. AC
52. A	53. AD	54. AE	55. B	56. D

IV. Reading Comprehension (2%x8=16%)

57. D	58. B	59. C	60. A
61 A	62. D	63. B	64. C

非選擇題 (28%)

V. Guided Translation (1%x20=20%)

65(a) **lashed**	65(b) **out**	
66(a) **put**	66(b) **shame**	
67(a) **at**	67(b) **random**	
68(a) **only**	68(b) **to**	
69(a) **out**	69(b) **into**	
70(a) **could**	70(b) **they**	
71(a) **no**	71(b) **complaining (grumbling)**	71(c) **leaves**

72(a) **not**	72(b) **but**	72(c) **carrying**
73(a)(不限一字) **the more**	73(b)(不限一字) **the better**	

VI. Whole-Sentence Translation (4%x2=8%)

74. The lifestyle of / health and sustainability / is embraced by /
many people.

75. When encountering difficulties / or feeling depressed, /
I cope(deal) with my negative emotions / by consulting a doctor.